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香港六項優勢產業在二零零八年及二零零九年的情況
The Situation of the Six Industries
in Hong Kong in 2008 and 2009

# 香港六項優勢產業在二零零八年及二零零九年的情況 The Situation of the Six Industries in Hong Kong in 2008 and 2009

在二零零九至一零年施政報告中,政府確認六項優勢產業在香港享有明顯的優勢,並具備很大潛力作進一步發展。該六項優勢產業爲文化及創意產業、醫療產業、教育產業、創新科技產業、檢測及認證產業,以及環保產業。政府正推行各項措施以促進六項優勢產業的發展,使香港邁向更多元化經濟及可持續發展的方向。由於六項優勢產業普遍橫跨不同的行業,政府統計處經考慮有關的政策目標、國際指引及持份者的意見後,發展了一個新的統計架構,以量度這些產業的經濟貢獻及就業情況。此外,政府統計處亦適當地強化其經濟統計調查,以搜集所需的數據。本專題文章分析二零零八年及二零零九年六項優勢產業的經濟貢獻及就業情況的統計數字。

In the 2009-10 Policy Address, the Government identified Six Industries where Hong Kong enjoys clear advantages and has great potential for further The Six Industries are cultural and creative industries, medical services, education services, innovation and technology, testing and certification services and environmental industries. Various measures to promote the development of these industries are being implemented by the Government, with a view to putting Hong Kong on a path towards a more diversified economy and sustainable development. As the Six Industries generally straddle different industries, a new statistical framework has been developed for measuring their economic contribution and employment, by taking into account relevant policy objectives, international guidelines and feedback from stakeholders. In addition, suitable enhancements to economic surveys have also been made to collect the necessary data. This article analyses the statistics showing the economic contribution and employment situation in respect of the Six Industries in 2008 and 2009.

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# 香港六項優勢產業在二零零八年及二零零九年的情況

# The Situation of the Six Industries in Hong Kong in 2008 and 2009

#### 1. 引言

- 1.1 在二零零九至一零年施政報告中,政府接納了經濟機遇委員會 1 的建議,發展香港享有明顯優勢的六項優勢產業。該六項優勢產業爲文化及創意產業、醫療產業、教育產業、創新科技產業、檢測及認證產業,以及環保產業。這些產業有助香港邁向更多元化經濟及可持續發展的方向。
- 1.2 為監察六項優勢產業的表現,有需要編製這些產業在經濟貢獻(以增加價值<sup>2</sup>量度)及就業人數方面的統計數字。但是,根據現時的行業分類(即「香港標準行業分類 2.0 版」<sup>3</sup>)的界定,六項優勢產業橫跨不同的行業,因此並非即時可以編製這些產業的統計數字。為了作出迅速的評估,經濟分析及方便營商處聯同政府統計處擬備了一些粗略數字<sup>4</sup>,顯示二零零八年六項優勢產業(主要涉及私營部分)的情況。

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 In the 2009-10 Policy Address, the Government accepted the recommendations of the Task Force on Economic Challenges <sup>1</sup> for the development of the Six Industries where Hong Kong enjoys clear advantages. The Six Industries are cultural and creative industries, medical services, education services, innovation and technology, testing and certification services and environmental industries. They can lead Hong Kong towards a more diversified economy and sustainable development.
- To track the performance of the Six Industries, statistics on their economic contribution (measured in terms of value added 2) and employment size are However, the Six Industries straddle needed. different industries as defined by the current industrial classification, viz. the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0<sup>3</sup>. statistics for these industries could not be readily compiled. For a quick assessment, the Economic Business Facilitation Analysis and Unit. collaboration with the Census and Statistics Department (C&SD), worked out some crude estimates 4 showing the situation of the Six Industries (mainly in respect of the private sector) for 2008.
- 1 行政長官在二零零八年成立經濟機遇委員會,旨在針對 全球金融海嘯提出具體政策方針及建議,以促進新的商 機和提升香港的競爭力。
- 2 增加價值是一個國民經濟核算的用語。簡單來說,增加價值量度一個經濟活動的淨產值,即所生產的貨物和服務的價值減去生產過程中耗用的貨物和服務(例如購買日常經營所需用品、租金、商用服務費)的價值。一個經濟體系中所有經濟活動的增加價值的總和等如這個經濟體系的本地生產總值。
- 3 香港標準行業分類是一個統計分類系統,用以編製和發布行業統計數字。「香港標準行業分類 2.0 版」乃是香港標準行業分類的最新版本,以聯合國的《所有經濟活動的國際標準產業分類修訂本第 4 版》爲藍本,配合本地的情況作出修訂而編製。
- 4 六項優勢產業的粗略數字根據當時最適切及現存的資料 及諮詢有關持份者後編製,並在二零一零年二月出版的 《二零零九年經濟概況及二零一零年經濟展望》中發布。

- 1 The Task Force on Economic Challenges was established by the Chief Executive in 2008 in response to the global financial tsunami, with a view to proposing specific policy directions and recommendations for promoting new business opportunities and enhancing competitiveness of Hong Kong.
- Value added is a term used in national accounting. In brief, value added measures the net output of an economic activity, i.e. the value of goods and services produced *less* the value of goods and services (e.g. purchase of materials and supplies, rental, business services charge) used in production. Sum of value added of all economic activities in an economy equals to its Gross Domestic Product.
- 3 HSIC is a statistical classification scheme for compilation and dissemination of sectoral economic statistics. The HSIC Version 2.0 is the latest version of HSIC modeled on the United Nations' International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities Revision 4 with local adaptations.
- 4 The crude estimates on the Six Industries, released in the 2009 Economic Background and 2010 Prospects published in February 2010, were compiled based on the best available information at that time and in consultation with relevant stakeholders.

1.3 同時,政府統計處亦積極開展強化其經濟統計調查及編製架構的工作,以提供更佳數據量度六項優勢產業的發展。本專題文章分析六項優勢產業在二零零八年<sup>5</sup>及二零零九年對本港經濟及就業的直接<sup>6</sup>貢獻。

# 2. 香港經濟的六項優勢產業

- 2.1 綜合來說,六項優勢產業在二零零九年 爲香港經濟帶來 1,239 億港元的增加價值,較 二零零八年 1,203 億港元的增加價值上升 3.0%。而同期間名義本地生產總值則錄得 2.6%的按年下跌。六項優勢產業的增加價值相 對於本地生產總值的百分比由二零零八年的 7.6%增加至二零零九年的 8.0%。 (表一)
- 2.2 就業人數方面,六項優勢產業在二零零九年共僱用了394970人,較二零零八年僱用388320人上升1.7%。同期間總就業人數錄得1.0%的按年下跌。六項優勢產業對總就業人數的貢獻由二零零八年的11.0%增加至二零零九年的11.3%。 (表二)
- 2.3 雖然經濟在二零零九年出現下滑,六項優勢產業整體的增長意味著這些產業享有明顯優勢及具備潛力作進一步發展。醫療產業、教育產業、創新科技產業、檢測及認證產業,以及環保產業的增加價值及就業人數均錄得升幅。另一方面,雖然文化及創意產業的增加價值及就業人數均下跌,但其對本地生產總值及總就業人數的貢獻即使在經濟下滑時仍能保持穩定。有關六項優勢產業各個產業的進一步資料在隨後的段落中描述。

1.3 Meanwhile, the C&SD has actively undertaken the development work to enhance its economic surveys and compilation framework, with a view to producing enhanced measurement of the development of the Six Industries. This article analyses how the Six Industries directly <sup>6</sup> contributed to the economy and employment of Hong Kong in 2008 <sup>5</sup> and 2009.

# 2. The Six Industries in the Hong Kong Economy

- 2.1 Overall speaking, the Six Industries in the Hong Kong economy generated HK\$123.9 billion value added in 2009, increased by 3.0% from HK\$120.3 billion in 2008. During the same period, a year-on-year decline of 2.6% was recorded for nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP). The value added of the Six Industries expressed as percentage to GDP rose from 7.6% in 2008 to 8.0% in 2009. (Table 1)
- 2.2 As for employment, the Six Industries together employed 394 970 persons in 2009, increased by 1.7% from 388 320 persons in 2008. During the same period, total employment recorded a year-on-year decline of 1.0%. The contribution of the Six Industries to total employment increased from 11.0% in 2008 to 11.3% in 2009. (Table 2)
- 2.3 Although the economy suffered a downturn in 2009, the expansion of the Six Industries taken together suggested that these industries enjoy clear advantages and have potential for further development. In particular, increases in both value added and employment were observed in medical services, education services, innovation and technology, testing and certification services and environmental industries. On the other hand, while the cultural and creative industries registered declines in both value added and employment, their contributions to GDP and total employment remained stable even under economic downturn. Further information on each of the Six Industries is presented in the following paragraphs.
- 5 The estimates for 2008 given in this article are compiled based on updated data and enhanced statistical framework.
- 6 The estimates on the Six Industries reflect the value added and employment directly related to the economic activities of the Six Industries, i.e. the value generated and persons employed by the industries concerned for performing their own business activities during the reference period. Other indirect economic impacts of the Six Industries, such as the potential contribution of research and development activities on the future productivity growth, are not taken into account.

<sup>5</sup> 本專題文章所列出的二零零八年的數字是根據更新的數據以及改良的統計架構編製。

<sup>6</sup> 六項優勢產業的數字反映與六項優勢產業經濟活動有直接關係的增加價值及就業人數,即有關行業在參考時段間因從事商業活動而產出的價值及僱用的人數。六項優勢產業產生的其他經濟效應,例如研究及發展活動對於未來生產力增長的潛在貢獻,並不計算在內。

表一 六項優勢產業的增加價值 (1) (2)

**Table 1** Value Added of the Six Industries (1) (2)

	時價格計算的增加價值 e added at current prices	2008 百萬港元 HK\$Mn	2009 百萬港元 HK\$Mn	按年增長率 Annual growth rate
1.	文化及創意產業	63,080	62,935	-0.2%
	Cultural and creative industries	(4.0%)	(4.1%)	
2.	醫療產業	22,444	24,077	+7.3%
	Medical services	(1.4%)	(1.6%)	
3.	教育產業	15,809	16,386	+3.6%
	Education services	(1.0%)	(1.1%)	
4.	創新科技產業	10,283	10,733	+4.4%
	Innovation and technology	(0.6%)	(0.7%)	
5.	檢測及認證產業	4,499	5,090	+13.1%
	Testing and certification services	(0.3%)	(0.3%)	
6.	環保產業	4,178	4,697	+12.4%
0.	Environmental industries	(0.3%)	(0.3%)	112.7/0
六項	頁 <b>優勢產業</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	120,293	123,918	+3.0%
	Industries (3)	(7.6%)	(8.0%)	10.070
本均 GD	也生 <b>產總値</b> <sup>(4)</sup> <b>P</b> <sup>(4)</sup>	1,592,897	1,550,851	-2.6%

註釋: 括號內數字表示相當於本地生產總值(見註(4))的百分比。

- (1) 這套估計旨在反映六項優勢產業的私營部分的 直接經濟貢獻。
- (2) 嚴格來說,六項優勢產業中有些產業是橫跨不同 行業的服務界別,而不是個別的行業。例如創新 科技可存在於任何機構及任何行業內。不過,爲 簡單易明起見,才用上「產業」一詞作爲有關經 濟活動的統稱。
- (3) 以上六項優勢產業私營部分的整體數字只是從個別產業的數字簡單加總計算出來。數據使用者須注意六項優勢產業之間會出現一些重疊的情況。
- (4) 爲比較六項優勢產業中私營部分相當於本地生產總值的百分比,我們使用了以總增加價值計算的名義本地生產總值。這與常用的以當時市價計算的本地生產總值有少許不同。

主要資料來源: 按經濟活動劃分的本地生產總值詳細數字、「經濟活動按年統計調查」、「創新活動統計調查」、「二零零九年檢測及認證活動統計調查」、食物及衞生局編製「香港本地醫療衞生總開支帳目」

 $Notes: \ \ Figures \ in \ brackets \ refer \ to \ percentages \ to \ GDP \ (see \ note \ (4)).$ 

- (1) This set of estimates reflects the direct economic contribution of the Six Industries in the private sector.
- (2) Strictly speaking, some of the Six Industries are service domains straddling different industries rather than individual industries. For example, innovation and technology can exist in any organisations and in any industries. But the term "industry" is still used to denote the aggregate of the economic activities concerned for the sake of simplicity and easy general understanding.
- (3) The above total for the Six Industries in the private sector is only a simple summation of the figures for individual industries. Users should note that there is some overlapping among the Six Industries.
- (4) To facilitate comparison of contribution of the Six Industries in the private sector as percentage of nominal GDP, GDP in terms of total gross value added is used. This is slightly different from the GDP figure commonly used, which is compiled at market price basis.

Main data sources: GDP by economic activity at detailed level, Annual Survey of Economic Activities, Survey of Innovation Activities, 2009 Survey of Testing and Certification Activities, Hong Kong's Domestic Health Accounts compiled by the Food and Health Bureau

表二 六項優勢產業的就業人數

**Table 2** Employment in the Six Industries (1) (2)

就業 Emp	人數 loyment	2008 人數 Number	2009 人數 Number	按年增長率 Annual growth rate
1.	文化及創意產業	191 260	188 250	-1.6%
	Cultural and creative industries	(5.4%)	(5.4%)	
2.	醫療產業	70 440	71 990	+2.2%
	Medical services	(2.0%)	(2.1%)	
3.	教育產業	56 840	62 240	+9.5%
	Education services	(1.6%)	(1.8%)	
4.	創新科技產業 <sup>(3)</sup>	26 090	27 470	+5.3%
	Innovation and technology (3)	(0.7%)	(0.8%)	
5.	檢測及認證產業 (4)	12 420	12 610	+1.5%
	Testing and certification services (4)	(0.4%)	(0.4%)	
6.	環保產業	31 270	32 410	+3.6%
	Environmental industries	(0.9%)	(0.9%)	
六項	<b>[優勢產業</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	388 320	394 970	+1.7%
Six	Industries (5)	(11.0%)	(11.3%)	
	尤業人數 <sup>⑥</sup> al employment <sup>⑥</sup>	3 521 400	3 486 900	-1.0%

註釋: 括號內數字表示佔總就業人數(見註(6))的百分比。

- (1) 這套估計旨在反映六項優勢產業的私營部分對香港就業人數的直接貢獻。
- (2) 嚴格來說,六項優勢產業中有些產業是橫跨不同 行業的服務界別,而不是個別的行業。例如創新 科技可存在於任何機構及任何行業內。不過,爲 簡單易明起見,才用上「產業」一詞作爲有關經 濟活動的統稱。
- (3) 由於創新科技產業涉及大量非經常性的活動,其 就業人數使用投放於創新科技活動、以相當於全 日制人數的勞動量(以人年計算)量度。
- (4) 數字指有關年度內的四季平均就業人數,這有別 於在二零一零年二月出版的《二零零九年檢測及 認證活動統計調查報告》內的個別時點數字。
- (5)以上六項優勢產業私營部分的整體數字只是從個別產業的數字簡單加總計算出來。數據使用者須注意六項優勢產業之間會出現一些重疊的情況。
- (6) 總就業人數的數字爲「就業綜合估計數字」。

主要資料來源:「僱傭及職位空缺按季統計調查」、「創新活動統計調查」、「二零零九年檢測及認證活動統計調查」、「經濟活動按年統計調查」

Notes: Figures in brackets refer to percentage shares to total employment (see note (6)).

- This set of estimates reflects the direct contribution of the Six Industries in the private sector to employment in Hong Kong
- (2) Strictly speaking, some of the Six Industries are service domains straddling different industries rather than individual industries. For example, innovation and technology can exist in any organisations and in any industries. But the term "industry" is still used to denote the aggregate of the economic activities concerned for the sake of simplicity and easy general understanding.
- (3) Since innovation and technology involves significant non-routine activities, persons engaged in these activities are measured by the volume of labour input to innovation and technology in full-time equivalent terms (in terms of man-years).
- (4) Figures refer to the quarterly averages of employment in the years concerned, which differ from the figures at a particular time point in the *Report on the 2009 Survey of Testing and Certification Activities* published in February 2010.
- (5) The above total for the Six Industries in the private sector is only a simple summation of the figures for individual industries. Users should note that there is some overlapping among the Six Industries.
- (6) Figures for total employment refer to Composite Employment Estimates.

Main data sources: Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies, Survey of Innovation Activities, 2009 Survey of Testing and Certification Activities, Annual Survey of Economic Activities

### 3. 文化及創意產業

- 3.1 文化及創意產業在經濟及社會領域中扮演日趨重要的角色,已被國際社會肯定。這個產業將傳統、文化、以及創新意念轉化成商機。而創意亦確實是提升生產力及競爭力的一個重要元素。
- 3.2 文化及創意產業的涵蓋範圍是參考了中央政策組委託香港大學文化政策研究中心在二零零三年所進行的「香港創意產業基線研究」的統計架構,隨後並參考最新的國際統計指引<sup>7</sup>作出修訂。文化及創意產業的涵蓋範圍包括不同的行業組別<sup>8</sup>,主要包括廣告;建築;藝術品、古董及手工藝品;設計;電影、視像及音樂;表演藝術;出版;軟件、電腦遊戲及互動媒體;及電視與電台。
- 3.3 二零零八年文化及創意產業的增加價值 爲 631 億港元,而二零零九年的增加價值則爲 629 億港元。二零零九年的數字相對二零零八 年下跌 0.2%,小於名義本地生產總值 2.6%的 跌幅。另一方面,就業人數由二零零八年的 191 260 人下跌至二零零九年的 188 250 人, 跌幅爲 1.6%。同期總就業人數下跌 1.0%。
- 3.4 雖然文化及創意產業在增加價值及就業人數方面均錄得跌幅,但其對本地生產總值及總就業人數的貢獻仍然保持穩定。在二零零九年,該產業的增加價值爲本地生產總值的4.1%,比率較二零零八年微升0.1個百分點。而該產業在二零零八年及二零零九年的就業人數佔總就業人數的百分比均保持在5.4%。

#### 3. Cultural and Creative Industries

- 3.1 Cultural and creative industries have been recognised by the international community for their increasingly important role in both economic and social realm. They transform traditions, culture and creative thinking into business opportunities. Indeed, creativity is an important element for enhancing productivity and competitiveness.
- 3.2 The coverage of the cultural and creative industries is mainly based on the statistical framework developed in the *Baseline Study on Hong Kong's Creative Industries* commissioned by the Central Policy Unit to the Centre for Cultural Policy Research of the University of Hong Kong in 2003, later refined to take account of the latest international statistical guidelines <sup>7</sup>. The cultural and creative industries comprise different sectors <sup>8</sup>, which mainly include advertising; architecture; art, antiques and crafts; design; film, video and music; performing arts; publishing; software, computer games and interactive media; and television and radio.
- 3.3 The value added of the cultural and creative industries was HK\$63.1 billion in 2008, and that for 2009 was HK\$62.9 billion. The decline, at 0.2% in 2009 as compared with 2008, was smaller than that of nominal GDP, at 2.6%. On the other hand, the employment decreased from 191 260 in 2008 to 188 250 in 2009, representing a decline of 1.6%. The total employment decreased by 1.0% over the same period.
- 3.4 Although the cultural and creative industries recorded declines in both value added and employment, their contributions to GDP and total employment remained stable. In 2009, the value added of the industries represented 4.1% of GDP; the ratio edged up by 0.1 percentage point as compared with 2008. Their share in total employment remained at 5.4% in 2008 and 2009.

<sup>7</sup> 参考聯合國貿易及發展會議出版的 Creative Economy Report 2008,以及聯合國教育、科學及文化組織出版的 2009 UNESCO Framework for Cultural Statistics。

<sup>8</sup> 文化及創意產業的行業組別會進一步與「香港標準行業 分類 2.0 版」作對照,界定出每一個組別下所涵蓋的特定 行業,以量度其對經濟所作出的貢獻。

<sup>7</sup> Reference is made to the Creative Economy Report 2008 published by the United Nations Conference of Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and the 2009 UNESCO Framework for Cultural Statistics published by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).

<sup>8</sup> For measuring the economic contribution of the cultural and creative industries, the sectors of the cultural and creative industries are further mapped with HSIC Version 2.0 for delineating the specific industries covered under each sector.

#### 4. 醫療產業

- 4.1 香港在發展醫療產業上享有競爭優勢。 政府亦正致力鞏固及提升香港作為區內尖端 醫療中心的地位。我們的優勢包括擁有優質的 醫護人員及醫療設備、先進的醫療技術、良好 的溝通系統、以及宣傳及市場推廣技巧。
- 4.2 政府統計處根據食物及衞生局編製的「香港本地醫療衞生總開支帳目」(醫療衞生帳目)<sup>9</sup> 既定的統計架構量度醫療產業的經濟貢獻及就業情況。根據醫療衞生帳目,在六項優勢產業中的醫療產業的統計數字不僅涵蓋私家醫院、診所、醫生和牙醫提供的醫療服務,還包括護理和提供給長者、藥物濫用者及殘疾人士的院舍服務。醫療相關活動,例如零售醫療用品和醫療保險,亦包括在內。
- 4.3 除了醫療衛生帳目外,估算醫療產業的增加價值時亦有參考「經濟活動按年統計調查」<sup>10</sup>的統計結果。該統計調查自二零零九年起經已強化,以支援六項優勢產業統計的編製。
- 4.4 在二零零九年,醫療產業的增加價值為 241 億港元,相當於本地生產總值的 1.6%。與 二零零八年比較,其增加價值上升 7.3%。

#### 4. Medical Services

- 4.1 Hong Kong enjoys competitive advantage in the development of the medical services industry. The Government is striving to consolidate and enhance Hong Kong's position as a prime medical centre in the region. Our strengths include the availability of high quality healthcare personnels and medical equipment, advanced medical technology, good communication infrastructure, and promotion and marketing skills.
- 4.2 To measure the economic contribution and employment situation of medical services industry, the C&SD follows the established statistical framework of the Hong Kong's Domestic Health Accounts (HKDHA) ocmpiled by the Food and Health Bureau. Based on the HKDHA, statistics on medical services in the Six Industries cover not only medical services provided by private hospitals, clinics, medical and dental practitioners, but also nursing and residential care for the elderly and persons with substance abuse and disabilities. Medical-related activities such as retail sales of medical products and medical insurance are also included.
- 4.3 Besides the HKDHA, reference is also made to statistics from the Annual Survey of Economic Activities (ASEA) <sup>10</sup> in estimating the value added of medical services industry. The Survey has been enhanced since 2009 for supporting the compilation of statistics related to the Six Industries.
- 4.4 The value added of medical services was HK\$24.1 billion in 2009, representing 1.6% of GDP. Compared with the figure in 2008, the value added increased by 7.3% in 2009.

<sup>9</sup> 醫療衞生帳目由食物及衞生局編製,有系統及準確地描繪香港的醫療衞生總開支流向。醫療衞生帳目採用了「醫療衞生總開支國際分類」系統,此系統由經濟合作及發展組織開發,並於《二零零零年醫療衞生總開支帳目系統》中發表。

<sup>10</sup> 政府統計處進行「經濟活動按年統計調查」,旨在搜集各個行業經營特色(例如收入及開支)的最新統計數字。 這些統計數字亦是編製按經濟活動分析的本地生產總值的重要來源數據。

<sup>9</sup> HKDHA is a set of descriptive accounts compiled by the Food and Health Bureau for describing systematically and accurately the totality of health care expenditure flows in Hong Kong. HKDHA adopted the International Classification for Health Accounts developed by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development and published in the System of Health Accounts 2000.

<sup>10</sup> The ASEA, conducted by the C&SD, aims to obtain up-to-date statistical data on the operating characteristics (e.g. income and expenses) of various industries. The data also serve as important input data to the compilation of GDP by economic activity.

4.5 就業方面,在二零零八年,醫療產業的 就業人數為 70 440 人。而二零零九年的就業人 數則為 71 990 人,相比二零零八年上升 2.2%。 二零零九年醫療產業的就業人數佔總就業人 數的 2.1%。

### 5. 教育產業

- 5.1 教育一直以來都是政府的一個主要政策 範疇。發展教育產業是對人力資源的投資,以 切合經濟及社會的長遠發展需要。
- 5.2 在估算經濟貢獻及就業人數方面,教育產業的私營部分涵蓋幼稚園、私營小學及中學(牟利及非牟利)、補習學校、自資專上及其他大學課程(包括提供予非本地學生的大學課程),以及其他教育相關服務。提供予工商機構的培訓是一項重要的持續教育活動,能提升員工的能力及生產力,故亦包括在教育產業的涵蓋範圍內。
- 5.3 教育產業統計數字的編製,是參考已強化的「經濟活動按年統計調查」的統計結果。 工商機構培訓員工的開支的額外數據,亦自二零零九年起透過「經濟活動按年統計調查」搜集。此外,教育局及大學教育資助委員會的行政記錄,以及有關機構發布的財務報表亦經過整合,提供重要的資料以助估算。
- 5.4 在二零零八年,教育產業的增加價值爲 158億港元。而二零零九年的增加價值則爲164 億港元,較二零零八年上升3.6%。二零零九年 的數字相當於本地生產總值的1.1%。
- 5.5 就業方面,在二零零八年,教育產業的 就業人數為 56 840 人。而二零零九年的就業人 數則為 62 240 人,相比二零零八年上升 9.5%。 二零零九年教育產業的就業人數佔總就業人 數的 1.8%。

4.5 As for employment, the number of persons engaged in the medical services was 70 440 in 2008, and that for 2009 was 71 990, representing a growth of 2.2% over 2008. Employment in medical services took up 2.1% of total employment in 2009.

#### 5. Education Services

- 5.1 Education has been a major policy area of the Government. Developing the education services industry is an investment in human resources to meet the long-term development needs of the economy and society.
- 5.2 For the purpose of estimating its economic contribution and employment, education services industry in the private sector covers kindergartens, private primary and secondary schools (both profit and non-profit making), tutorial schools, self-financed post-secondary and other university courses (including university courses for non-local students), and other education-related services. Training provided to business firms is also included, as it is an important activity of continuing education for enhancing the competency of staff and hence productivity.
- 5.3 Statistics on education services industry are compiled by making reference to statistics from the ASEA. In particular, the ASEA has been enhanced since 2009 to collect additional data on expenses of business firms on staff training. Besides, administrative records from Education Bureau and University Grants Committee, as well as published financial reports of relevant bodies are collated to provide important inputs for the estimation.
- 5.4 The value added of education services was HK\$15.8 billion in 2008, and that for 2009 was HK\$16.4 billion, representing a growth of 3.6% over 2008. The figure in 2009 represented 1.1% of GDP.
- 5.5 As for employment, the number of persons engaged in education services was 56 840 in 2008, and that for 2009 was 62 240, representing a growth of 9.5% over 2008. Employment in education services took up 1.8% of total employment in 2009.

### 6. 創新科技產業

- 6.1 創新科技是推動經濟增長及發展的主要動力。創新科技活動不單涵蓋研究及發展(研發)活動,亦涉及有關機構採用研發得來的嶄新或優化技術來推行創新產品與程序,以增強公司的競爭力與業務表現。
- 6.2 創新科技可存在於任何機構及任何行業的活動,而且往往由有關機構的內部研發。該等活動並不單純是一種傳統「行業」。因此我們採用特別的方法,根據不同行業進行創新科技活動時的總體生產成本以估算有關活動的產值。創新科技活動的涵蓋範圍,是根據經濟合作及發展組織所倡議的技術創新活動的統計架構而界定 1112。
- 6.3 創新科技活動的數據是透過政府統計處每年所進行的「創新活動統計調查」搜集。而高等教育及公共科研機構從事研發活動的數字則根據不同來源的行政數據作出估算。二零零九年的數字爲臨時數字。
- 6.4 在二零零八年,創新科技產業的增加價值為 103 億港元。而二零零九年的增加價值則為 107 億港元,按年上升 4.4%。二零零九年的數字相當於本地生產總值的 0.7%。

# 6. Innovation and Technology

- 6.1 Innovation and technology are key impetus to economic growth and development. They cover not only research and development (R&D) but also activities that further drive product and process innovation in relevant organisations. The new or enhanced technologies and methods generated by R&D enhance companies' market competitiveness and business performance.
- 6.2 Innovation and technology can exist in any organisations and in any industries, and are often undertaken in-house. They are not exactly an "industry" in the traditional sense. Thus, a special approach is applied by estimating the output of such activities mainly as the total production costs incurred on innovation and technology activities in different industries. The coverage of innovation and technological innovation activities promulgated by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) 11 12.
- 6.3 Data on innovation and technology activities in the business sector are collected through the Survey of Innovation Activities (SIA) conducted annually by the C&SD. Estimates for R&D activities undertaken by higher education and public research institutes are based on administrative data from relevant sources. Figures for 2009 are provisional estimates.
- 6.4 The value added of innovation and technology was HK\$10.3 billion in 2008 and HK\$10.7 billion in 2009, representing a year-on-year growth of 4.4%. The figure in 2009 expressed as percentage to GDP was 0.7%.

<sup>11</sup> 參考經濟合作及發展組織出版的 Frascati Manual:
Proposed Standard Practice for Surveys on Research and
Experimental Development 以及 Oslo Manual: The
Measurement of Scientific and Technological Activities —
Proposed Guidelines for Collecting and Interpreting
Technological Innovation Data。

<sup>12</sup> 由於高等教育及公共科研機構亦會與工商機構合作進行 一些重要的研發計劃,因此在評估創新科技產業的經濟 貢獻時亦把這些研究機構所進行的研發活動計算在內。

<sup>11</sup> Reference is made to the Frascati Manual: Proposed Standard Practice for Surveys on Research and Experimental Development and the Oslo Manual: The Measurement of Scientific and Technological Activities — Proposed Guidelines for Collecting and Interpreting Technological Innovation Data published by OECD.

<sup>12</sup> Since higher education and public research institutes also undertake some important R&D projects in collaboration with business firms, the R&D activities undertaken by these institutes are taken into account in measuring the economic contribution of innovation and technology.

6.5 就業方面,在二零零八年,創新科技產業的就業人數(以「相當於全日制的人數」計算)為 26 090 人。而二零零九年的就業人數則為 27 470 人,相比二零零八年上升 5.3%。二零零九年創新科技產業的就業人數佔總就業人數的 0.8%。

### 7. 檢測及認證產業

- 7.1 香港的檢測及認證產業享有明顯優勢,並具備很大潛力作進一步發展。檢測及認證產業在香港社會的日常生活擔當重要角色,例如醫務化驗所在診斷病症方面,爲醫學界提供了重要的支援服務。在支援對外貿易方面,本地的檢測及認證產業爲香港和珠江三角洲地區製造的消費品,提供了大量測試及檢驗服務。檢測及認證產業亦爲管理體系提供認證服務。
- 7.2 爲估算檢測及認證產業的經濟貢獻及就業情況,我們諮詢了有關的持份者(包括香港檢測和認證局及從事這些活動的大型機構)。根據諮詢的結果,這產業的涵蓋範圍被界定爲以從事技術測試及分析;驗貨、抽樣檢驗及稱量;以及醫療及 X 光化驗所作爲其主要經濟活動的工商機構單位。
- 7.3 政府統計處曾進行了檢測及認證活動的 特別統計調查,從而搜集所需的行業數據。爲 能持續地編製有關的統計數字,自二零零九年 開始,「經濟活動按年統計調查」已擴大了有關 工商機構單位的樣本規模,並已加進了有關的 統計數據要求。
- 7.4 在二零零八年,檢測及認證產業的增加價值為 45 億港元。而二零零九年的增加價值則為 51 億港元,按年上升 13.1%。二零零九年的數字相當於本地生產總值的 0.3%。

6.5 As for employment, the number of persons engaged (in full-time equivalent terms) in innovation and technology was 26 090 in 2008, and that for 2009 was 27 470, representing a growth of 5.3% over 2008. Employment in innovation and technology activities represented 0.8% of total employment in 2009.

#### 7. Testing and Certification Services

- 7.1 The testing and certification sector of Hong Kong enjoys clear advantages and has great potential for further development. Locally, the industry plays an important role in the daily life of the Hong Kong community, e.g. medical testing laboratories provide essential support to the medical sector in the diagnosis of illnesses. For our external trade, the industry has been providing high volume of testing and inspection services for consumer products manufactured in Hong Kong and the Pearl River Delta Region. The industry also provides certification service for management systems.
- 7.2 To estimate the economic contribution and employment situation of the testing and certification sector, consultation with relevant stakeholders (including the Hong Kong Council for Testing and Certification and prominent firms engaged in such activities) had been made. Based on the feedback, the coverage of the industry was mapped out, covering those business establishments engaged in technical testing and analysis; cargo inspection, sampling and weighting; and medical and X-ray laboratories as their major economic activities.
- 7.3 A special Survey of Testing and Certification Activities was conducted by the C&SD for collecting necessary data on the industry. In order to produce relevant statistics on an on-going basis, the sample size for the target business establishments has been increased and the related statistical requirements have been incorporated in the ASEA since 2009.
- 7.4 The value added of testing and certification services was HK\$4.5 billion in 2008, and that for 2009 was HK\$5.1 billion, representing a year-on-year growth of 13.1%. The figure in 2009 expressed as percentage of GDP was 0.3%.

7.5 就業方面,在二零零八年檢測及認證產業的就業人數爲 12 420 人。而二零零九年的就業人數則爲 12 610 人,相比二零零八年上升1.5%。二零零九年檢測及認證產業的就業人數佔總就業人數的0.4%。

# 8. 環保產業

- 8.1 推動環境保護及發展環保產業是政府其中一項重要的工作。而環保產業確實獲廣泛認定為一個嶄新的增長行業,在創造就業及經濟體系持續發展的過程中扮演一個重要的角色。
- 8.2 爲對香港環保產業的經濟貢獻及就業人數作統計量度,產業的涵蓋範圍參考了國際指引 <sup>13</sup> 及主要持份者的意見作出界定。在香港,與環保活動有關的行業主要包括污水處理及廢棄物的管理、環境工程及顧問服務、以及廢物及廢料進出口及批發貿易。
- 8.3 環保產業的增加價值及就業人數分別根據「經濟活動按年統計調查」及「僱傭及職位空缺按季統計調查」的統計結果而編製。
- 8.4 在二零零八年,環保產業的增加價值爲 42 億港元。而二零零九年的增加價值則爲 47 億港元(相當於本地生產總值的 0.3%),較二 零零八年上升 12.4%。
- 8.5 就業方面,在二零零八年,環保產業的 就業人數為 31 270 人。而二零零九年的就業人 數則為 32 410 人,較二零零八年上升 3.6%。 二零零九年環保產業的就業人數佔總就業人 數的 0.9%。

7.5 As for employment, the number of persons engaged in testing and certification services was 12 420 in 2008, and that for 2009 was 12 610, representing a growth of 1.5% over 2008. Employment in testing and certification services took up 0.4% of total employment in 2009.

#### 8. Environmental Industries

- 8.1 Promoting environmental protection and developing the environmental industries are one of the priorities of the Government. Indeed, environmental industries are widely recognised as a new growth sector, generating employment as well as playing a major role in the transition of economies towards sustainable development.
- 8.2 For the statistical measurement of the economic contribution and employment of the environmental industries in Hong Kong, the industry coverage is defined by making reference to international guidelines <sup>13</sup> and feedback from major stakeholders. In Hong Kong, the industries relating to environmental activities mainly include sewerage and waste management, environmental engineering and consultancy services as well as import/export and wholesale trading of waste and scrap.
- 8.3 Value added and employment for the environmental industries are compiled mainly based on the results of the ASEA and the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies respectively for the industries concerned.
- 8.4 The value added of environmental industries was HK\$4.2 billion in 2008, and that for 2009 was HK\$4.7 billion (as 0.3% of GDP), representing a growth of 12.4% over 2008.
- 8.5 As for employment, the number of persons engaged in environmental industries was 31 270 in 2008, and that for 2009 was 32 410, representing a growth of 3.6% over 2008. Employment in environmental industries took up 0.9% of total employment in 2009.
- 13 International statistical guidelines for environmental industries mainly include the Opening Markets for Environmental Goods and Services published by the OECD in 2005 and the final draft of Data Collection Handbook on Environmental Goods and Services Sector published by the European Commission in 2009.

<sup>13</sup> 環保產業的國際統計指引主要包括經濟合作及發展組織在二零零五年出版的 Opening Markets for Environmental Goods and Services 以及歐盟委員會在二零零九年出版的 Data Collection Handbook on Environmental Goods and Services Sector 的最後草稿。

# 二零一一年一月至二月刊載的專題文章目錄

List of Feature Articles Published during January to February 2011

月份	文章題目	Month	1	Title of Article
1 (i (i (i	對外直接投資統計 ) 二零零九年路運貨物統計 i) 二零一零年至二零三九年香港家庭住戶推算	1	(i) (ii) (iii)	External direct investment statistics Road cargo statistics for 2009 Hong Kong domestic household projections for 2010 to 2039
2 (i (i (i	金統計數字	2		Salary statistics of middle-level managerial and professional employees 2004 to 2010  The real estate sector in Hong Kong, 1997 to 2009  The situation of the Six Industries in Hong Kong in 2008 and 2009

# 二零一一年三月至六月

# 政府統計處定期性統計數據發布日期一覽表

# Schedule for Issuing Regular Releases of Statistical Data by the Census and Statistics Department, March to June 2011

每年九月底,本處會向傳媒公布翌年定期性統計數據新聞發布的詳細時間表。本附錄載列未來四個月的發布日期。數據於發布日期下午四時三十分向傳媒公布。有關的新聞公布於稍後時間載列於政府統計處的網站上(www.censtatd.gov.hk)。發布日期下午四時三十分後致電本處,亦可查詢有關統計數據。

The date schedule for issuing regular press releases of statistical data in the ensuing year is issued to the mass media in end September of each year. This Annex gives the schedule for the coming four months. Data are issued to the media at 4:30 p.m. on the date of release. The press releases are posted shortly afterwards on the Department's website (www.censtatd.gov.hk). Telephone enquiries may also be made to the Department after 4:30 p.m. on the release date.

	數據		發布日期 (日/月/年)
Stat	tistical Data		Release Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
勞_	工統計		
La	bour Statistics		
1.	失業及就業不足統計	Unemployment and Underemployment Statistics	
	• 二零一零年十二月至二零一一年二月	December 2010 to February 2011	17.03.2011
	• 二零一一年一月至三月	January to March 2011	19.04.2011
	• 二零一一年二月至四月	February to April 2011	19.05.2011
	• 二零一一年三月至五月	March to May 2011	16.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Numbe	r 2887 5506	
2.	就業及職位空缺統計	Employment and Vacancies Statistics	
	• 二零一零年十二月	December 2010	21.03.2011
	• 二零一一年三月	March 2011	20.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Numbe	r 2582 4751	
3.	薪金總額及工資統計	Payroll and Wage Statistics	
	• 二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	24.03.2011
	• 二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	23.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Numbe	r 2887 5584	
對	外貿易統計		
Ex	ternal Trade Statistics		
1.	對外商品貿易統計	External Merchandise Trade Statistics	
	• 二零一一年二月	February 2011	24.03.2011
	• 二零一一年三月	March 2011	28.04.2011
	• 二零一一年四月	April 2011	26.05.2011
	• 二零一一年五月	May 2011	28.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Numbe	r 2582 4914	
2.	對外商品貿易貨量及價格統計	Volume and Price Statistics of External Merchandise Trade	
	・二零一一年一月	January 2011	17.03.2011
	・二零一一年二月	February 2011	19.04.2011
	・二零一一年三月	March 2011	12.05.2011
	• 二零一一年四月	April 2011	16.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Numbe	r 2582 4914	

	數據		發布日期 (日/月/年)
	istical Data		Release Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
	N貿易統計 (續)		
	ternal Trade Statistics (cont'd)		
3.	船隻、港口貨物及貨櫃統計	Statistics on Vessels, Port Cargo and Containers	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	08.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	09.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2582 4889	
4.	涉及外發中國內地加工貿易統計	Statistics on Trade Involving Outward Processing in the Mainland of China	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	18.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	17.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2582 5255	
 物值			
Pri	ce Statistics		
1.	消費物價指數	Consumer Price Index	
	二零一一年二月	February 2011	22.03.2011
	二零一一年三月	March 2011	21.04.2011
	二零一一年四月	April 2011	23.05.2011
	二零一一年五月	May 2011	21.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2805 6401	
國月	忌收入及國際收支平衡統計		
Nat	tional Income and Balance of Pa	yments Statistics	
1.	本地生產總值	Gross Domestic Product	
	二零一一年第一季 <sup>(1)</sup>	1st Quarter 2011 <sup>(1)</sup>	13.05.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2582 4787	
2.	以環比物量計算按經濟活動劃分的 本地生產總值	Chain Volume Measures of Gross Domestic Product by Economic Activity	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	21.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	20.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2116 5188	
3.	本地居民生產總值及對外要素收益 流動數字	Gross National Product and External Factor Income Flows	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	14.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	13.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2116 5101	

註: (1) 財政司司長辦公室轄下的經濟分析及方便營商處的經濟分析部發布有關二零一一年第一季經濟報告及二零一一年全年本地生產總值暨物價預測第一次修訂的新聞稿時,二零一一年第一季本地生產總值亦於該新聞稿中發布。政府統計處不會在當日就二零一一年第一季的本地生產總值另發新聞稿。

Note: (1) The Economic Analysis Division of the Economic Analysis and Business Facilitation Unit under the Financial Secretary's Office will issue a press release on the First Quarter Economic Report 2011 and first update of GDP and prices forecasts for 2011 as a whole. The GDP for the first quarter of 2011 will also be released there. No separate press release on the GDP for the first quarter of 2011 will be issued by the Census and Statistics Department on that day.

	數據		發布日期 (日/月/年)
	tistical Data		Release Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
	民收入及國際收支平衡統計 (續)		
Na	tional Income and Balance of Pa	yments Statistics (cont'd)	
4.	國際收支平衡及國際投資頭寸統計	Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Statistics	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	22.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	23.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2116 8660	
 其f	也各類統計		
Va	rious Other Types of Statistics		
1.	零售業銷貨額統計	Retail Sales Statistics	
	二零一一年一月	January 2011	03.03.2011
	二零一一年二月	February 2011	31.03.2011
	二零一一年三月	March 2011	03.05.2011
	二零一一年四月	April 2011	31.05.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2802 1367	
2.	工業生產指數和工業生產者價格指數	Index of Industrial Production and Producer Price Indices for the Industrial Sector	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	11.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	13.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2805 6641	
3.	建造工程完成量統計	Construction Output Statistics	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	11.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	13.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2805 6424	
4.	食肆的收入及購貨額統計	Restaurant Receipts and Purchases Statistics	
	• 二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	03.05.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2802 1367	
5.	服務行業按季業務收益指數	Quarterly Business Receipts Indices for Service Industries	
	二零一零年第四季	4th Quarter 2010	11.03.2011
	二零一一年第一季	1st Quarter 2011	10.06.2011
	查詢電話 Enquiry Telephone Number	er 2802 1269	
6.	按季業務展望統計調查結果	Results of the Quarterly Business Tendency Survey	
		2 10 2011	26042044

2nd Quarter 2011

二零一一年第二季

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26.04.2011

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<b>名稱</b>	Title	Latest Issue(1)	Postage	Postage
綜合性統計刊物	<b>General Statistical Digests</b>			
香港經濟趨勢(半月刊)(4)	Hong Kong Economic Trends (half-monthly)(4)	31/1/2011	-	_
香港統計月刊	Hong Kong Monthly Digest of Statistics	1/2011	248.0	264.4
香港統計年刊(2)	Hong Kong Annual Digest of Statistics (2)	2010	248.0	276.0
香港社會及經濟趨勢( <i>雙年刊</i> )(2) 香港的發展(1967 - 2007) - 統計圖表集	Hong Kong Social and Economic Trends (biennial)(2) A Graphic Guide on Hong Kong's Development (1967 -	2009	294.0 66.0	310.4 82.4
(特刊)(2) 香港統計數字一覽(年刊)(3)	2007) (ad hoc) (2) Hong Kong in Figures (annual) (3)	2010	<	>
對外貿易	External Trade			
商品貿易統計	Merchandise Trade Statistics			
香港商品貿易統計:	Hong Kong Merchandise Trade Statistics:			
進口 <i>(月刊)</i> (4)	Imports (monthly) (4)	11/2010	-	-
港產品出口及轉口(月刊)(4)	Domestic Exports and Re-exports (monthly)(4)	11/2010	-	-
周年附刊,按國家及貨品劃分:	Annual Supplement, Country by Commodity:			
- 進口	- Imports	2009	499.0	527.0
- 港產品出口及轉口	- Domestic Exports and Re-exports	2009	499.0	546.0
香港對外商品貿易(月刊)	Hong Kong External Merchandise Trade (monthly)	11/2010	186.0	202.4
香港對外商品貿易回顧(年刊)	Annual Review of Hong Kong External Merchandise Trade (annual)	2009	188.0	196.2
香港商品貿易指數(月刊)(4)	Hong Kong Merchandise Trade Index Numbers (monthly)(4)	11/2010	-	-
船務統計	Shipping Statistics			
香港船務統計(季刊)	Hong Kong Shipping Statistics (quarterly)	7-9/2010	75.0	83.2
服務貿易統計	Trade in Services Statistics			
香港服務貿易統計報告(年刊)(4)	Report on Hong Kong Trade in Services Statistics (annual)(4)	2008	-	-
國民收入	National Income			
本地生產總值(季刊)(4)	Gross Domestic Product (quarterly)(4)	Q3/2010	-	-
本地生產總值(年刊)(3)	Gross Domestic Product (annual)(3)	2009	70.0	78.2
本地生產總值統計特刊,二零零七年十月 <i>(特刊)</i>	Special Report on Gross Domestic Product, October 2007 (ad hoc)	-	54.0	58.0
國際收支平衡	<b>Balance of Payments</b>			
香港國際收支平衡統計 一九九七年至一九九九年 <i>(特刊)</i>	Balance of Payments Statistics of Hong Kong 1997 to 1999 (ad hoc)	-	14.0	18.0
香港國際收支平衡統計(季刊)(4)	Balance of Payments Statistics of Hong Kong (quarterly)(4)	Q3/2010	-	-
香港對外直接投資統計(年刊)(4)	External Direct Investment Statistics of Hong Kong (annual)(4)	2009	-	-
香港對外債務統計數字(4)	Hong Kong's External Debt Statistics (4)	Q3/2010	-	-
勞工	Labour			
勞動人口、就業及空缺統計	Labour Force, Employment and Vacancies Statistics			
綜合住戶統計調查按季統計報告(4)	Quarterly Report on General Household Survey (4)	7-9/2010	-	-
就業及空缺按季統計報告(4)	Quarterly Report of Employment and Vacancies Statistics (4)	9/2010	-	-
建築地盤就業及空缺按季統計報告(4)	Quarterly Report of Employment and Vacancies at Construction Sites(4)	9/2010	-	-
工資及勞工收入統計	Wages and Labour Earnings Statistics	0/2012		<b>52.</b>
工資及薪金總額按季統計報告 經理級與專業僱員薪金及僱員福利統計 報告 (高層管理人員除外)(年刊)(2)	Quarterly Report of Wage and Payroll Statistics Report of Salaries and Employee Benefits Statistics Managerial and Professional Employees (Excluding Top	9/2010 2010	64.0 45.0	72.2 49.4
<b>收了及工時校在绘料畫本報件</b>	Management) (annual)(2)	2000	41.0	40.2
收入及工時按年統計調查報告 由主要承建商填報有關從事公營建築工程的 工人的每日平均工資(月刊)	Report on Annual Earnings and Hours Survey  Average Daily Wages of Workers Engaged in Public Sector  Construction Projects as Reported by Main Contractors	2009 11/2010	41.0 <	49.2

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<b>勞</b> 工 ( <b>續</b> )	Labour (cont'd)			
人力統計	Manpower Statistics			
二零零二年人力培訓及工作技能需求機構 單位統計調查報告(特刊)	Report on 2002 Establishment Survey on Manpower Training and Job Skills Requirements (ad hoc)	-	48.0	56.2
消費物價及住戶開支	Consumer Prices and Household Expenditure			
消費物價指數月報	Monthly Report on the Consumer Price Index	12/2010	63.0	67.4
消費物價指數年報	Annual Report on the Consumer Price Index	2009	102.0	110.2
二零零四至零五年住戶開支統計調查及 重訂消費物價指數基期 <i>(特刊)</i>	2004/05 Household Expenditure Survey and the Rebasing of the Consumer Price Indices (ad hoc)	-	47.0	55.2
工商業	Commerce and Industry			
工業生產	Industrial Production			
工業的業務表現及營運特色的主要統計 數字(4)	Key Statistics on Business Performance and Operating Characteristics of the Industrial Sector(4)	2009	-	-
工業生產按季指數(4)	Quarterly Index of Industrial Production (4)	Q3/2010	-	-
工業按季生產者價格指數 (4)	Quarterly Producer Price Index for Industrial Sector (4)	Q3/2010	-	-
經銷及服務業	Distribution and Services			
進出口貿易、批發及零售業以及住宿及膳食服務業的業務表現及營運特色的主要統計數字(4)	Key Statistics on Business Performance and Operating Characteristics of the Import/Export, Wholesale and Retail Trades, and Accommodation and Food Services Sectors (4)	2009	-	-
食肆的收入及購貨額按季統計調查報告(4)	Report on Quarterly Survey of Restaurant Receipts and Purchases (4)	Q4/2010	-	-
零售業銷貨額按月統計調查報告(4)	Report on Monthly Survey of Retail Sales (4)	12/2010	-	-
運輸、倉庫及速遞服務業的業務表現及營運 特色的主要統計數字 ⑷	Key Statistics on Business Performance and Operating Characteristics of the Transportation, Storage and Courier Services Sector(4)	2009	-	-
資訊及通訊、金融及保險、專業及商用服務 業的業務表現及營運特色的主要統計數 字(4)	Key Statistics on Business Performance and Operating Characteristics of the information and Communications, Financing and Insurance, Professional and Business Services Sectors(4)	2009	-	-
服務行業按季業務收益指數(4)	Quarterly Business Receipts Indices for Service Industries (4)	Q3/2010	-	-
服務業統計摘要(年刊)	Statistical Digest of the Services Sector (annual)	2010	172.0	188.4
服務業統計摘要按季補充資料(4)	Quarterly Supplement to Statistical Digest of the Services Sector(4)	Q3/2010	-	-
屋宇建築及建造	Building and Construction			
屋子建築、建造及地產業的業務表現及營運 特色的主要統計數字(4)	Key Statistics on Business Performance and Operating Characteristics of the Building, Construction and Real Estate Sectors (4)	2009	-	-
建造工程完成量按季統計調查報告(4)	Report on the Quarterly Survey of Construction Output(4)	Q3/2010	-	-
特選建築材料平均批發價格(月刊)	Average Wholesale Prices of Selected Building Materials (monthly)	10/2010 <	<	>
公營建築工程的工資及材料成本指數 (1995年6月=100)(月刊)	Index Numbers of the Costs of Labour and Materials Used in Public Sector Construction Projects (June 1995=100) (monthly)	10/2010 <	<	>
公營建築工程的工資及材料成本指數 (2003年4月=100)(月刊)	Index Numbers of the Costs of Labour and Materials Used in Public Sector Construction Projects (April 2003=100) (monthly)	11/2010 <	<	>
能源	Energy			
香港能源統計 <i>(季刊)</i> (4)	Hong Kong Energy Statistics (quarterly) (4)	Q3/2010	-	- 00.0
香港能源統計(年刊)	Hong Kong Energy Statistics (annual)	2009	76.0	80.0
<i>其他經濟及工商業統計</i>	Other Economic and Business Statistics	01/0011		
業務展望按季統計調查報告(4) 代表香港境外母公司的駐港公司 按年統計調查報告	Report on Quarterly Business Tendency Survey (4) Report on Annual Survey of Companies in Hong Kong Representing Parent Companies Located outside	Q1/2011 2010	39.0	43.4
資訊科技在工商業的使用情況 和普及程度按年統計調查報告	Hong Kong Report on Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector	2009	88.0	104.4

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	Commerce and Industry (cont'd)			
ールスト (A) 其他經濟及工商業統計 (續)	Other Economic and Business Statistics (cont'd)			
香港創新活動統計(年刊)(4)	Hong Kong Innovation Activities Statistics (annual)(4)	2009	_	
香港一資訊社會(年刊)	Hong Kong as an Information Society (annual)	2009	124.0	132.2
香港-知識型經濟統計透視(雙年刊)	Hong Kong as a Knowledge-based Economy  – A Statistical Perspective (biennial)	2009	84.0	92.2
二零零九年檢測及認證活動統計 調查報告 <i>(特刊)(</i> 4)	Report on the 2009 Survey of Testing and Certification Activities (ad hoc)(4)	-	-	
人口	Population			
香港二零零六年中期人口統計	Hong Kong 2006 Population By-census			
二零零六年中期人口統計 <i>(特刊)</i>	2006 Population By-census (ad hoc)			
主要報告-第一冊	Main Report – Volume I	-	143.0	159.4
主要報告-第二冊	Main Report – Volume II	-	118.0	134.4
主要統計表	Main Tables	-	138.0	166.0
簡要報告	Summary Results	-	41.0	49.2
統計圖解	Graphic Guide	-	91.0	99.
有關各區議會分區的基本統計表	Basic Tables for District Council Districts	-	50.0	58.2
有關香港島各選區的基本統計表	Basic Tables for Constituency Areas : Hong Kong Island	-	84.0	100.4
有關九龍各選區的基本統計表	Basic Tables for Constituency Areas : Kowloon	-	112.0	128.
有關新界各選區的基本統計表	Basic Tables for Constituency Areas : New Territories	-	180.0	208.
區議會分區及選區統計表的附件— 區域分界地圖	Boundary Maps Complementary to Tables for District Council Districts and Constituency Areas	-	134.0	162.0
有關各小規劃統計區的基本統計表	Basic Tables for Tertiary Planning Units	-	274.0	302.
小規劃統計區統計表的附件-區域 分界地圖	Boundary Maps Complementary to Tables for Tertiary Planning Units	-	80.0	88.2
主題性報告-香港的住戶收入分布	Thematic Report – Household Income Distribution in Hong Kong	-	114.0	122.2
主題性報告-少數族裔人士	Thematic Report – Ethnic Minorities	-	96.0	104.2
主題性報告-內地來港定居未足七年	Thematic Report – Persons from the Mainland Having Resided in Hong Kong for Less Than 7 Years	-	82.0	90.2
主題性報告-青年	Thematic Report – Youths	-	74.0	82.2
主題性報告-長者	Thematic Report – Older Persons	-	88.0	96.2
主題性報告-單親人士	Thematic Report – Single Parents	-	88.0	96.2
其他與人口有關的刊物	Other Publications relating to Population			
香港人口推算 2010-2039(特刊)	Hong Kong Population Projections 2010 - 2039 (ad hoc)	-	44.0	52.2
香港人口生命表 2004-2039 <i>(特刊)</i> 香港人口趨勢 1981-2006 <i>(特刊)</i>	Hong Kong Life Tables 2004 - 2039 (ad hoc) Demographic Trends in Hong Kong 1981 - 2006 (ad hoc)	-	52.0 55.0	56.4 63.2
社會資料	Social Data			
從綜合住戶統計調查搜集所得的社會資料	Social Data Collected via the General Household Survey			
第五十三號專題報告書(特刊)(4): 在中國內地工作的香港居民	Special Topics Report No. 53 (ad hoc)(4): Hong Kong residents working in the mainland of	-	-	
主題性住戶統計調查第四十六號報告書	China Thematic Household Survey Report No. 46 (ad hoc)(4):	-	-	
在香港以外地方就讀的香港學生使用醫療集團提供的門診服務的情況	Hong Kong Students Studying Outside Hong Kong Utilisation of Out-patient Services Provided by Managed Care Organizations			
香港居民在香港以外地方工作及曾修讀 課程的情況	Hong Kong Residents Working and Having Studied Outside Hong Kong			
按區議會分區劃分的人口及住戶統計資料 (年刊)	Population and Household Statistics Analysed by District Council District (annual)	2009	28.0	32.0
香港的女性及男性-主要統計數字 (年刊)	Women and Men in Hong Kong – Key Statistics (annual)	2010	94.0	110.4

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統計分類表	Classification Lists			
香港進出口貨物分類表(協調制度), 二零零七年版 <i>(特刊)</i>	Hong Kong Imports and Exports Classification List (Harmonized System), 2007 Edition (ad hoc)			
第一冊:第一至第十類貨物	Volume One: Commodity Section I – X	-	24.0	40.4
第二冊:第十一至第二十二類貨物	Volume Two: Commodity Section XI - XXII	-	28.0	44.4
香港商品貿易統計分類表,二零零七年版 (特刊)	Hong Kong Merchandise Trade Statistics Classification, 2007 Edition (ad hoc)	-	97.0	113.4
香港標準行業分類 2.0 版(特刊)	Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0 (ad hoc)	-	164.0	192.0
統計發展報告	Report on Statistical Development			
統計發展概要(年刊)	An Outline of Statistical Development (annual)	2010	152.0	160.2

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- (1) Q1、Q2、Q3、Q4分別代表第一、第二、第三和第四季。
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#### 普查易2001 (不定期)

普查易2001人口普查光碟套裝是一套功能 強大的知識爲本產品,它能幫助使用者有效 地進行客戶資訊分析和客戶關係管理的工 作。普查易2001光碟內載有超過400個由政 府統計處提供的香港二零零一年人口普查 統計表,分區數碼地圖及功能超卓的地理訊 息系統,當中包含了全香港居民的人口特 徵、經濟、教育、住戶、房屋等統計數據, 使用者可以透過簡單和容易使用的功能介 面,來選擇和提取資料。

普查易2001共有4種資料輸出模式:主題性 地圖、預設格式報表、統計圖表、及檔案匯 出(支援數據庫/試算表/純文字等格式)。普 查易2001光碟可應用於規劃業務策略、直接 市場推廣或宣傳、客戶資料分析、以及作其 他的商業性分析等。

#### SUPERMAP Hong Kong 2001 (不定期)

- 涵蓋全面的人口普查數據,配合最新數碼 地圖作介面
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- 可作多重圖像化分析人口普查數據
- 有助機構進行深入的市場及客戶資訊分析

#### 2001 Population Census

#### TAB on CD-ROM (ad hoc) ++

Contains 372 commonly used statistical tables. The tables cover a wide range of topics including demographic, household, education, economic, housing, internal migration and home moving, and population sub-group characteristics of the households and population in Hong Kong. There are also geographical breakdown of the statistics by District Council District/Constituency Area and Tertiary Planning Unit/Street Block in selected tables.

#### MAP on CD-ROM (ad hoc)

Contains a set of digital maps of Hong Kong in commonly used formats. The digital maps for geographical delineation included therein are Coastline of Hong Kong, District Council District/Constituency Area Boundary, Tertiary Planning Unit (and Groupings) Boundary, Small Street Block Group Boundary and New Town Boundary. When used with suitable computer software, the digital maps can be used for geographical presentation of the statistical data contained in the 2001 Population Census - TAB on CD-ROM.

Please call the Demographic Statistics Section at (852) 2716 8025 for matters relating to the purchase of the above two sets of CD-ROM.

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#### SUPERMAP Hong Kong 2001 (ad hoc)

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